This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product name	: Air Wick Essential Oils Liquid Electrical Plug In Diffuser - Vanilla & Soft Cashmere		
SDS no.	: D8387802 v1.0L		
Formulation #	: FF3191294		
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000		
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400		
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON		
<u>Jses</u>			
Product use	: Products that serve to continuously odorize or deodorize indoor air, including diffuser products (excludes incense, and scented candles).		
UPC Code / Sizes	: Glass Bottle		
2. Hazard identifi	cation		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 5.4%		
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms			
Hazard pictograms	aquatic environment: 5.4%		
Hazard pictograms	aquatic environment: 5.4%		
Hazard pictograms	aquatic environment: 5.4%		
Hazard pictograms	 aquatic environment: 5.4% WARNING Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. 		
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	 aquatic environment: 5.4% WARNING Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. 		
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements	 aquatic environment: 5.4% WARNING Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product contained 		
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u> General	 aquatic environment: 5.4% WARNING Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product contained or label at hand. 		
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements General Prevention	 aquatic environment: 5.4% WARNING Combustible liquid. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Not applicable. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If e irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately cause 		

2. Hazard identification

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number	
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol	≥30 - ≤60	100-79-8	
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	≥10 - ≤30	25265-71-8	
Tetrahydrolinalool	≤10	78-69-3	
Benzyl acetate	≤5	140-11-4	
2-tert-Butylcyclohexyl acetate	≤5	88-41-5	
Ionone, methyl-	≤3	1335-46-2	
Benzeneethanol	<3	60-12-8	
3-Buten-2-one, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-	≤3	127-51-5	
Limonene	≤0.83	5989-27-5	
alpha-Cedrene	≤0.048	469-61-4	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	
Potential acute health effe	cts

Potential acute nealth end	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of from the chemical a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without for fire-fighters suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained **Special protective** breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure equipment for fire-fighters mode. : Not applicable Hazchem code

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	
Methods and material for cor	ntai	inment and cleaning up	
Small spill	:	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-	

combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and
	drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 200 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction
Benzyl acetate	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 61 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Benzeneethanol	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
Limonene	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 28 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 112 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

New Zealand Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
benzyl acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 61 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other e contaminants below also need to keep g	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the cases, fume scrubb	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measu	ires			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and Appropriate techniq Contaminated work contaminated clothi	ms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before I using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. ues should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ng before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety o the workstation location.		

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
:	Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	:

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

:	Liquid. [free from contaminants]
:	Colourless to light yellow.
:	Oriental, floral.
:	Not available.
:	Closed cup: 83°C (181.4°F)
:	Not available.
1	Not available.
:	Not available.
:	
:	Not applicable.
	Not available.
1	Not available.
1	Not available.
1	
:	Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

-	-
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
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11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan- 4-ylmethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	LD50 Oral	Rat	14850 mg/kg	-
Tetrahydrolinalool	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Benzyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	2490 mg/kg	-
2-tert-Butylcyclohexyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
Ionone, methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Benzeneethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	805 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	2535 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1603 mg/kg	-
3-Buten-2-one, 3-methyl-4- (2,6,6-trimethyl- 2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Limonene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Tetrahydrolinalool	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Benzeneethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 minutes	-
				12 g	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100	-
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11. Toxicological information

I. IUNICUIUgica	imornation				
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100	-
Limonene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 10 %	-
alpha-Cedrene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	[%] 24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	Based on available data	the classifica	ation criteria ar	e not met	
Eyes	Calculation method Cal			o not mot.	
Respiratory	Based on available data			e not met.	
Sensitisation		.,			
Not available.					
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin	Coloulation method Mar		oraio okin road	ion	
	Calculation method May		•		
Respiratory	Based on available data		alion chiena ar	e not met.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria ar	e not met.	
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria ar	e not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	the classifica	ation criteria ar	e not met	
Teratogenicity				e not met.	
reratogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	the classifica	ation criteria ar	e not met	
Specific target organ toxic				e not met.	
Not available.	<u>sity (single exposure)</u>				
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (repeated exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard					
Name			Result		
Limonene				N HAZARD - Ca	• •
alpha-Cedrene				N HAZARD - Ca	

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure					
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe					

Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	8893.2 mg/kg
Dermal	25017.54 mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan- 4-ylmethanol	Acute LC50 16.7 g/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Benzeneethanol	LC50 215 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Limonene	Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 688 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
alpha-Cedrene	Acute EC50 44 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.	·
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12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	-0.462	0.3 to 4.6	low
Tetrahydrolinalool	3.3	99.87	low
Benzyl acetate	1.96	8	low
Ionone, methyl-	4.5 to 5	-	high
Benzeneethanol	1.36	-	low
Limonene	4.38	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	
Packing group	-	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons				
Not scheduled				
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	Listed or exempted.			
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Listed or exempted.			
HSNO Group Standard	Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Combustible)			
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002574			
Approved Handler Requirement	No.			
Tracking Requirement	No.			

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 01/03/2023
Version	: 1.0L
	(Versian for undeted CHS Devision 7 DSDS Templete)

(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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